1. Product & Company Identification

Other means of identification

Synonyms
Crushed Limestone, Aglime, Construction Aggregate, Feed Grade Calcium Carbonate, Lawn & Garden Aglime, Barn-Dri, Athletic Field Marker, Hi-Calcium Filler

Recommended use
Limestone may be used in the manufacture of bricks, mortar, cement, concrete, plasters, paving materials, and other construction materials, steel production, consumer products, animal feed supplement, mineral filler and other goods. Limestone may be distributed in bags, totes, and bulk shipments. Applies to all gradations.

Recommended restrictions
None known.

Manufacturer information/Supplier/Distributor information:
Company
imi Aggregates
Division of Irving Materials, Inc.
Address
8032 N State Road 9, Greenfield, IN 46140
Telephone
(317) 326-3101
Website
www.irvmat.com
Normal Hours of Operation
8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Monday thru Friday

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Physical hazards
Not classified.

Health hazards
Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Category 2
Repeated Exposure

OSHA defined hazards
Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word
Danger

Hazard statement
May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention
Obtain special instruction before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage
Restrict or control access to stockpile areas. Engulfment hazard: to prevent burial or suffocation, do not enter a confined space, such as a
silo, bulk truck or other storage container or vessel that stores or contains aggregates without an effective procedure for assuring safety.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified
None known.

Supplemental information
Respirable Crystalline Silica (RCS) may cause cancer. Limestone is a naturally occurring mineral complex that contains varying quantities of quartz (crystalline silica). In its natural bulk state, limestone is not a known health hazard. Limestone may be subjected to various natural or mechanical forces that produce small particles (dust) which may contain respirable crystalline silica (particles less than 10 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter). Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may cause lung cancer according to IARC and NTP and ACGIH states that it is a suspected cause of cancer. Other forms of RCS (e.g. tridymite and cristobalite) may also be present or formed under certain industrial processes.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mixtures</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calcium Carbonate</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>&gt;50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Crystalline Silica (Quartz)</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&gt;0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Limestone dust: Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact
Limestone dust: Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact
Limestone dust: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart. Occasionally lift the eyelid(s) to ensure thorough rinsing. Beyond flushing, do not attempt to remove material from the eye(s). Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion
Limestone dust: Rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects
Inhaling dust may cause discomfort in the chest, shortness of breath, and coughing.

Acute and delayed
Prolonged inhalation may cause chronic health effects. This product contains crystalline silica. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica liberated from this product can cause silicosis, and may cause cancer.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Pre-existing medical conditions that may be aggravated by exposure include disorders of the eye, skin and lung (including asthma and other breathing disorders). If addicted to tobacco, smoking will impair the ability of the lungs to clear themselves of dust.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Limestone is not flammable. Use fire extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
None known.

Specific chemical hazards
No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Not a combustible dust.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.

Firefighting equipment/instructions

No specific precautions.

Specific methods

Contact with powerful oxidizing agents may cause fire and/or explosions (see section 10 of SDS).

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, and emergency procedures

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up of materials that contain or may liberate limestone dust.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spilled material, where dust is generated, may overexpose cleanup personnel to respirable crystalline silica containing dust. Do not dry sweep or use compressed air for clean-up. Wetting of spilled material and/or use of respiratory protective equipment may be necessary.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge of fine particulate matter into drains or water courses.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dust to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage

Avoid dust formation or accumulation.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

1 – Value equivalent to OSHA formulas (29 CFR 1910.1000; 29 CFR 1917; 29 CFR 1918)

2 – Value also applies to MSHA Metal/Non-Metal (1973 TLVs at 30 CFR 56/57.5001).

3 – OSHA enforces 0.250 mg/m³ in construction and shipyards (CPL-03-00-007).

4 – Value also applies to OSHA construction (29 CFR 1926.55 Appendix A) and shipyards (29 CFR 1915.1000, Table Z).

5 – MSHA limit = 10 mg/m³.

U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Particulates not otherwise classified (CAS SEQ250)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust (4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

U.S. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust (1,2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable (1,2,3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tridymite and Cristobalite (others forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable (1,2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particulates not otherwise classified (CAS SEQ250)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust (1,4,5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values®

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica (all forms; CAS mixture)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Particulates not otherwise classified (CAS SEQ 250) TWA 3 mg/m$^3$ Respirable particles (2)
(10 mg/m$^3$ Inhalable particles (2)

### U.S NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

#### Components | Type | Value | Form |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crystalline Silica (all forms; CAS mixture)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>Respirable dust</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Biological limit value
No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

#### Exposure guidelines
OSHA PELs, MSHA PELs, and ACGIH TLVs are 8-hr TWA values. NIOSH RELs are for TWA exposures up to 10-hr/day and 40-hr/wk. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. Terms including “Particulates Not Otherwise Classified”, “Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated”, “Particulates Not Otherwise Specified”, and “Inert or Nuisance Dust” are often used interchangeably; however, the user should review each agency’s terminology for differences in meanings.

#### Appropriate engineering controls
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour indoors) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- **Eye/face protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
- **Skin protection**: Use personal protective equipment as required.
  - **Hand Protection**: Use personal protective equipment as required.
  - **Other**: Use personal protective equipment as required.
- **Respiratory protection**: When handling or performing work with limestone that produces dust or respirable crystalline silica in excess of applicable exposure limits, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator that is properly fitted and is in good condition. Respirators must be used in accordance with all applicable workplace regulations.
- **Thermal hazards**: Not anticipated. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
- **General hygiene considerations**: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance
- **Physical state**: Solid.
- **Form**: Solid, particles.
- **Color**: Gray, brown and variations of gray and brown.
- **Odor**: Not applicable.
- **Odor threshold**: Not applicable.
- **pH**: Varies from 7.5 to 8.5
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not applicable.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: Not applicable.
- **Flash point**: Non-combustible.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not applicable.
- **Flammability**: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Relative density
Solubility(ies) (water)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
Other information

Explosive properties
Flammability

10. Stability and reactivity
Reactivity
Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Material is stable under normal conditions.
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

11. Toxicological information
Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Eye contact
Ingestion

Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica (quartz) may cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis is irreversible and may be fatal. Silicosis increases the risk of contracting pulmonary tuberculosis. Some studies suggest that repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may cause other adverse health effects including lung and kidney cancer.
Limestone may cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Limestone may cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.
Not likely due to the form of the product. However, accidental ingestion of limestone may cause discomfort.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Limestone dust: discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath, coughing.

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity
Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Respiratory sensitization
Skin sensitization
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity

Not expected to be acutely toxic.
This product is not expected to be a skin hazard.
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
No respiratory sensitizing effects known.
Not known to be a dermal irritant or sensitizer.
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Respirable crystalline silica has been classified by IARC and NTP as known human carcinogen, and classified by ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs - Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite  
(other forms of Crystalline Silica) (CAS mixture)  
1 Carcinogenic to humans.

**NTP Report of Carcinogens**  
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)  
Known to be human carcinogen.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1000-1050)**  
None listed.

- **Reproductive toxicity**  
  Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

- **Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure**  
  Not classified.

- **Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure**  
  Respirable crystalline silica may cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- **Aspiration hazard**  
  Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

- **Chronic effects**  
  Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may be harmful as it may cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure. There are reports in the literature suggesting that excessive crystalline silica exposure may be associated with autoimmune disorders and other adverse health effects involving the kidney. In particular, the incidence of scleroderma (thickening of the skin caused by swelling and thickening of fibrous tissue) appears to be higher in silicotic individuals. To date, the evidence does not conclusively determine a causal relationship between silica exposure and these adverse health effects.

**12. Ecological information**

- **Ecotoxicity**  
  Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. Discharging sand and gravel dust and fines into water may increase total suspended particulate (TSP) levels that can be harmful to certain aquatic organisms.

- **Persistence and degradability**  
  Not applicable.

- **Bioaccumulative potential**  
  Not applicable.

- **Mobility in soil**  
  Not applicable.

- **Other adverse effects**  
  No other adverse environmental effects are expected from this material.

**13. Disposal considerations**

- **Disposal instructions**  
  Do not allow fine particulate matter to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with fine particulates. Dispose of contents in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- **Hazardous waste code**  
  Not regulated.

- **Waste from residue/unused products**  
  Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

- **Contaminated packaging**  
  Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty packaging materials should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations and practices.

**14. Transport information**

- **DOT**  
  Not regulated as dangerous goods.

- **IATA**  
  Not regulated as dangerous goods.

- **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code**  
  Not applicable.

**15. Regulatory information**
This product is a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, subpart D)  Not regulated.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)  Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SRAR)
Hazard categories
Immediate hazard – No.
Delayed hazard – Yes.
Fire hazard – No.
Pressure hazard – No.
Reactivity hazard – No.

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance  Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical  Yes.
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)  Not regulated.

Other federal regulations
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List  Not regulated.
Clean Air Act Section 112r Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)  Not regulated.
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)B  Not regulated.

U.S. State regulations
Massachusetts RTK – Substance List
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)

U.S. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)

U.S. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)
Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)

U.S. Rhode Island RTK
Not regulated.

U.S. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.
U.S. California Proposition 65 – Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT):
Listed substance: Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or Region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A “Yes” indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue date</th>
<th>June 1, 2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Version #</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For Further Information Contact:
Irving Materials, Inc.
8032 N State Road 9
Greenfield, IN 46140
(317) 326-3101
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This Safety Data Sheet represents ingredients and values typical for limestone aggregates. The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process. The information set forth herein is intended for use by persons having technical skill and at their own discretion and risk. Since condition of use are outside the limestone products producer’s control, the producer makes no warranties, expressed or implied, and assumes no liability in connection with any use of this information.

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